

# Legislature Will Pass Divorce Bill Sentiment In Favor Amending Law

But One Change Will Be Made In Barnes' Bill Now Being Considered By The Committee On Judiciary To Go Into Effect On First Of Coming Year.

(By Hans Duffel)  
Special Correspondence  
CARSON, Feb. 2.—The amendment to the divorce law, requiring a year's residence instead of six months as is now demanded, will be passed by the present session of the legislature. This conclusion is based on a most careful canvass of the members of both houses. In the lower house over 35 members are in favor of amending the law, although many have requested that their stand be kept secret until the time for voting arrives, as they are desirous of keeping their attitude in the dark owing to pending matters. In the senate, practically two-thirds of the members will vote to amend the law, notwithstanding the fact now being accomplished by certain members of the Washoe delegation who will trade their souls to secure support and oppose the passage of the Barnes bill.

crowd has antagonized the balance of the legislature and is putting up a losing fight against the amendment to the divorce law. The reason is the sole desire to be hoggish. Strong support toward modifying the gambling law appears in evidence. The measure introduced in the senate yesterday by Arnold of Esmeralda, reinstating slot machines when played for revenue only will undoubtedly pass with but little change. This measure would add to the revenues of the county and state and would bring back slot and card machines. Rumors are in effect that another member of the Esmeralda delegation will shortly introduce a bill that materially modifies the gambling law, while the reform element is seeking someone who will so kindly present a local option bill to the legislature. A local option bill was ready for introduction two years ago but was sidetracked when it was found that the reformers had entered into an alliance with the gamblers. The bill can be expected any day, but a canvass of members fails to reveal strength for the measure. Reformers appear few and far between in the present membership, now that McIntosh of Elko has retired to private life. The purity of election bill drafted by Judge Coleman of White Pine appears to have met with the favor of the solons and will likely pass both houses with but little change. The bill makes it unlawful to purchase drinks or give away cigars during a campaign and this clause has received favorable comment.

## TWO NEW SENATORS TAKE OATH OF OFFICE

(By Associated Press)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—In the senate today William R. Webb of Tennessee, succeeding Senator Sanders, and Morris Shepherd of Texas, succeeding Senator Johnston, were sworn in.

## STRIKING IRON WORKERS RETURN TO OLD PLACES

(By Associated Press)  
PITTSBURG, Feb. 3.—The first break in the ranks of the striking iron workers occurred today when about 200 of the 1500 or more men returned to their places.

## MANY GARMENT WORKERS AT BOSTON ON STRIKE

(By Associated Press)  
BOSTON, Feb. 3.—Five thousand garment workers employed in 40 shops in this city have struck for increased wages, an eight-hour day, and also to have tenement house work recognized as union.

## WEIR TO HAVE HEARING THURSDAY AFTERNOON

Fred B. Weir, the local stock broker against whom three charges of embezzlement have been placed, will have his preliminary examination Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Weir has been released under bonds of \$3000 on each charge, his entire bond totalling \$9000. The hearing will be before Justice of the Peace Harry Dunseath in the justice court.

## DELAWARE RATIFIES THE INCOME TAX AMENDMENT

(By Associated Press)  
DOVER, Dela., Feb. 3.—The legislature ratified the income tax amendment and claims precedence in time over Wyoming.

## Do Your Bargain Hunting With Care

"At a great bargain," warns an old saying, "make pause." You had better not buy at all if you are not certain beyond doubt of the quality of the goods, or unless you are shopping in a store of unquestionable fair dealing. It is to the credit of THE BONANZA'S advertisers that they do not announce impossible bargains in screaming type, nor make promises of quality, which they are not prepared to back up. You can rely on the statements made by THE BONANZA'S advertisers. They are bent upon securing your trade, and mean to keep it, once secured, by giving you the best values possible for your money. They know that it may be possible to sell you shoddy once, but not twice, and they want you to be satisfied. You can secure buying opportunities from the merchants who advertise in THE BONANZA, which are real, worth while, and important. Each one of these advertisements is backed up by a splendid business reputation. Do your bargain hunting with care, or rather throw care to the winds and shop with THE BONANZA'S advertisers.

## PRECEDENT IS SMASHED WHEN FEES FOR MARRIAGES GIVEN TO COUNTY

For the first time in the history of Nye county and what is believed to be the first occurrence of its kind in the state of Nevada, fees collected by a justice of the peace for the performance of a marriage ceremony, have been turned into the county treasury. The smasher of precedent in Justice of the Peace Harry Dunseath of Tonopah township, who submitted in his report for January, an item of \$15 as the fees received for performing three marriages. Dunseath sought legal advice on the question of the law regulating the Tonopah justice court, which was passed by the legislature in 1909. The law reads plainly that the justice shall receive \$200 monthly for all duties performed and it further stipulates that all fees received shall be paid into the office of the county treasury. The advice given the justice was that the monies collected should revert to the county, and in following these instructions parted with the \$15. The law fixes the fee for performing a wedding at \$5, but when a larger amount is paid, Dunseath wishes it understood that the surplus will go into the Dunseath treasury instead of the county strong box. Now that it has been definitely settled that the county will profit by marriage ceremonies there is good reason why this industry should be fostered and encouraged.

## GRAND JURORS TO BE SELECTED ON WEDNESDAY

VENIRE OF 24 NAMES DRAWN  
AND JURORS ORDERED TO  
ATTEND COURT

A venire of 24 names from which will be drawn the grand jury to serve for the coming year, was drawn in the district court Saturday. The veniremen will be present at the court Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock when the 17 members of the jury will be selected and sworn in by the court.

The venire from which the grand jurors will be chosen follows: Harlan Acree, Jos. E. Gori, Clifton K. Loring, Paul Revert, W. O. Dresser, James W. Conlisk, F. N. Jones, Thos. S. Marshall, Alfred Kells, John S. McGinn, Edward P. Wilson, Henry C. Schmidt, Harry McNamara, Robt. H. Dalzell, Andrew Service, John Cloke, John M. Berry, Robert Christian, John B. Tregloan, Theodore Frantz, all of Tonopah; George Gooding of Lone; H. P. Herd of Manhattan; F. J. Busch of Rhyolite; C. E. Rice of Round Mountain.

## CONTRACT FOR STREET LIGHTS TO BE AWARDED

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS MEET IN REGULAR MONTHLY SESSION

Bonds of a number of township officials were approved by the board of county commissioners at the session this morning. In addition the board spent the day attending to routine matters. The bonds presented for approval were submitted by the following: A. A. Turner, justice of the peace of Beatty township. George F. Bowen, constable of Rhyolite township. Henry Ward, constable of Beatty township. J. W. Berg, justice of the peace of Round Mountain township.

The board will be in session for several days and will probably take up the approval of the regular county and township bills at the meeting tomorrow. During the present session the contract for the lighting of the streets of Tonopah will be awarded, bids having been requested to this effect.

## JACK JOHNSON APPEAL DISMISSED BY COURT

(By Associated Press)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The supreme court today dismissed the appeal of Jack Johnson, the negro pugilist, indicted in Chicago on the charge of violating the Mann white slave act. The appeal attacked the constitutionality of the law. The court adjourned until February 24.

## WICKERSHAM IS ASKED TO EXPLAIN TEXAS SUITS

(By Associated Press)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Representative Gardner today introduced a resolution in the house calling on Attorney General Wickersham to submit a statement as to whether he has held up the Texas indictments against John D. Archbold and other standard oil officials.

## JANUARY IS COLDEST MONTH YET RECORDED

MEAN TEMPERATURE AS SHOWN  
IN WEATHER REPORT HOV.  
ERS AROUND 26

January was the coldest month in Tonopah since official records have been kept by the local weather bureau, which was established six years ago. The mean temperature was 26 degrees. In 1907 the mean record was 27 and in 1910 it was 28. The highest temperature was 35 degrees, which was recorded a year ago. The lowest temperature during the past month was 50 degrees on the 3d, while the lowest was six degrees below zero on the 6th.

During the month the wind was somewhat active, traveling 7652 miles during the month through the streets of this city. The greatest velocity was 44 miles an hour and in a southeasterly direction. The month showed 19 clear days, six partly cloudy and six cloudy. The total precipitation for the month was .18 inches while the snowfall registered 1.20 inches.

## YOUNG COUPLE QUIETLY WEDDED IN NEW HOME

ASSAYER FOR JIM BUTLER COM-  
PANY CLAIMS LOS ANGELES  
GIRL AS BRIDE

C. H. Griffith Jr. of Tonopah and Miss Cathry Hayward of Los Angeles were married Saturday afternoon in this city by the Rev. George Gallup, rector of St. Mark's Episcopal church. The wedding was performed at the residence on Edward street fitted up by the groom and which will be the home of the newlyweds.

Griffith was formerly assayer at the Belmont and is now employed in the same capacity at the Jim Butler. He has resided in this city for several years. The bride arrived Saturday morning from her Los Angeles home. The couple were tendered the usual charivari by the younger element Saturday evening when the musical tones of coal oil cans and cowbells woke up the neighborhood for blocks around.

## SUFFRAGETTES PLAN REGULAR CIVIL WAR

(By Associated Press)  
LONDON, Feb. 3.—Suffragettes are planning a civil war in London, according to Mrs. Pankhurst, who also added that the government must quickly give the women votes or so. The contents of 30 letter boxes were destroyed today. There were no arrests.

## POSTMASTERS MAY BE NAMED AT PRIMARIES

(By Associated Press)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The post office committee in the senate delegated to a subcommittee the amendment to the appropriation bill, providing for the selection of postmasters by primaries.

## TONOPAH HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS WALK OUT OF CLASSES TODAY IN DEMONSTRATION AGAINST YODER

Over 50 students in the Tonopah high school and pupils from the lower grades joined in a walkout this morning and refused to attend classes. The movement was the result of the trouble at the school Friday when Harold Bowler, a high school student, sustained a fractured arm during an altercation with Superintendent A. H. Yoder.

The strike this morning was more in the nature of a demonstration against Superintendent Yoder. A number of students visited the school building for the purpose of securing their books, having been instructed by their parents to quit attending school until the hearing of the charges against the superintendent had been concluded. The remaining students on witnessing the departure of those who had been instructed to leave, joined in the movement.

A resolution was drawn up this morning and presented to the board of school trustees, asking for the removal of Superintendent Yoder from office. This action was taken shortly after the walkout and after the students had marched in a body from the school building down town and up Main street. The walkout was participated in by about 40 high school students and pupils in the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth grades. During the morning a committee of two students, after presenting the

## INCOME TAX IS BALKAN ALLIES RATIFIED BY THE STATES

AMENDMENT TO FEDERAL CON-  
STITUTION RATIFIED BY  
THREE-FOURTHS STATES

(By Associated Press)  
CHEYENNE, Wyo., Feb. 3.—Under a suspension of the rules both houses of the Wyoming legislature today adopted a joint resolution to ratify the income tax amendment to the federal constitution. The approval of Wyoming supplied the necessary three-fourths votes of the states to secure the ratification of the constitutional amendment.

Not a dissenting vote was registered in either house. The resolution authorizing the direct election of United States senators was also passed by the lower house. WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The income tax is now one of the provisions of the constitution of the United States as Wyoming's ratification to the sixteenth amendment completed the list of 38 states or three-fourths of the union which have approved the provisions of congress which will now enact a law to levy the tax and define its provisions and limitations.

This probably will supersede the corporation tax and provide a tax on all incomes above \$5000. It is expected to yield a revenue of about \$100,000,000 a year. The Wyoming ratification at this time was entirely unexpected as New Jersey, New Mexico were competing for the honor of casting the decisive legislative vote today.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The provision authorizing an income tax as now made a part of the federal constitution will be known as the "Sixteenth Amendment" and reads as follows: "Article XVI.—The congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the states, and without regard to any census or enumeration."

The change in the fundamental law of the land marks a new epoch in the American tax system. For the first time congress is given specific authority by a provision of the federal constitution to levy an income tax. All previous efforts for a tax of this kind have been without the explicit authority of a constitutional provision. The change also marks a broad development of the economic and fiscal system of the United States, permitting incomes to be a basis for taxation, similar to the systems now in force in Great Britain, Austria, Switzerland, Spain and various other countries.

Before the amendment formally becomes a part of the constitution to day's action of the legislature must be transmitted to the secretary of state at Washington and proclamation of the ratification made. The first official step toward amending the constitution so far as

## REDUCTION OF PARCEL POST RATE URGED IN REPORT

POSTMASTER GENERAL DE-  
CLARES WAY PAVED FOR 1-  
CENT LETTER POSTAGE

(By Associated Press)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Postmaster General Hitchcock's annual report, made public today, tentatively suggests a reduction of some parcel post rates and increasing the limit of weight beyond 11 pounds; recommends civil pensions for postal employees; an increase in rates on second class mail which may pave the way for one cent letter postage; the consolidation of the third and fourth classes so books and papers may be forwarded by parcel post; and points out that during his administration, expense of operating the postal service has been cut down \$45,000,000. In course of a statement on the condition of postal finances, Hitchcock says in his report: "In 1911, for the first time since 1883, postal receipts exceeded postal expenditures, leaving a surplus instead of a deficit. A heavy loss of revenue in 1912 due to the extraordinary amount of franked matter mailed in the political campaign, created a temporary deficit, but since the close of the fiscal year the income of the department again has outstripped expenses."

"The year preceding the present administration was marked by the largest postal deficit on record, amounting to \$17,500,000. During the next two years the deficit was greatly reduced and later eliminated. When compared with the financial showing four years ago the reports of income and expense for subsequent years indicate an aggregate saving of about \$45,000,000.

"The transformation of a deficit into a surplus has been accomplished not by curtailing the service, but by developing it along profitable lines. While postal facilities have been greatly enlarged, extensions have not been made in a haphazard manner, but only when shown on investigation to be justified by conditions. The establishing of postal savings banks at presidential postoffices was completed early in the fiscal year, ended June 30, 1912—the year covered by the report. Since then the system has been extended to 4004 fourth class postoffices, as well as to 645 branch offices and stations in the larger cities. There are now 12,812 postal savings banks at which patrons may open accounts. The number of depositors is approximately 300,000 and the deposits aggregate about \$25,000,000, not including \$1,314,140 withdrawn and invested in postal savings bonds.

The report contains no reference to subjects which have developed since December 1, and, consequently, the postmaster general's consideration of the parcel post has to do only with the preliminary work of establishing the new system, which went into effect on January 1. Tentatively, however, he recommends not only that the parcel post rates be reduced, but that the weight of packages be increased to a point above the maximum weight of 11 pounds. On this subject the report says: "While the postage rates for the new parcel post system range considerably lower than corresponding express charges, it is believed that experience will show them to be higher in some instances than is necessary in order to maintain the service at cost. Likewise, the restriction that places an 11-pound limit on the weight of parcels mailed should be regarded as merely tentative. After the system is thoroughly organized on that basis the scope of the service in its usefulness to the public should be still further enlarged by increasing the weight limit. If properly developed under efficient management, the parcel post will prove to be a most important factor in reducing the cost of living."

Perhaps the most important recommendation contained in the report is that the third and fourth classes of mail be consolidated so that books and other printed matter may be forwarded by parcel post. At present the postage charges for these two classes of mail bear no fixed ratio to each other. For certain weights and zones the parcel post rates are lower than the third class rates, while in other cases they are higher. The report directs attention to the approval of the commission, headed by Associate Justice Hughes of the United States supreme court, of the

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